

Soil nutrient maps of South Africa: mapping soil nutrient at 250m spatial resolution using machine learning

C. Munghemezulu, ZO. Mashaba-Munghemezulu, G. Paterson, JG. Chirima

Contact information

Dr Garry Paterson: Garry@arc.agric.za

Dr Cilence Munghemezulu: munghemezuluc@arc.agric.za



Project objectives

Phase 1 – production of gridded national maps for soil properties at a resolution as close to 250 m as possible.

Phase 2 – Generation of soil nutrient budget maps, covering various nutrient inputs, such as fertilizers and atmospheric N deposition, and outputs, such as soil erosion.



Global Soil Partnership: action framework



Food and Agriculture Organization
of the United Nations

Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations

PHASE 1

Country Guidelines and Technical Specifications for

Global Soil Nutrient and Nutrient Budget Maps

GSNmap

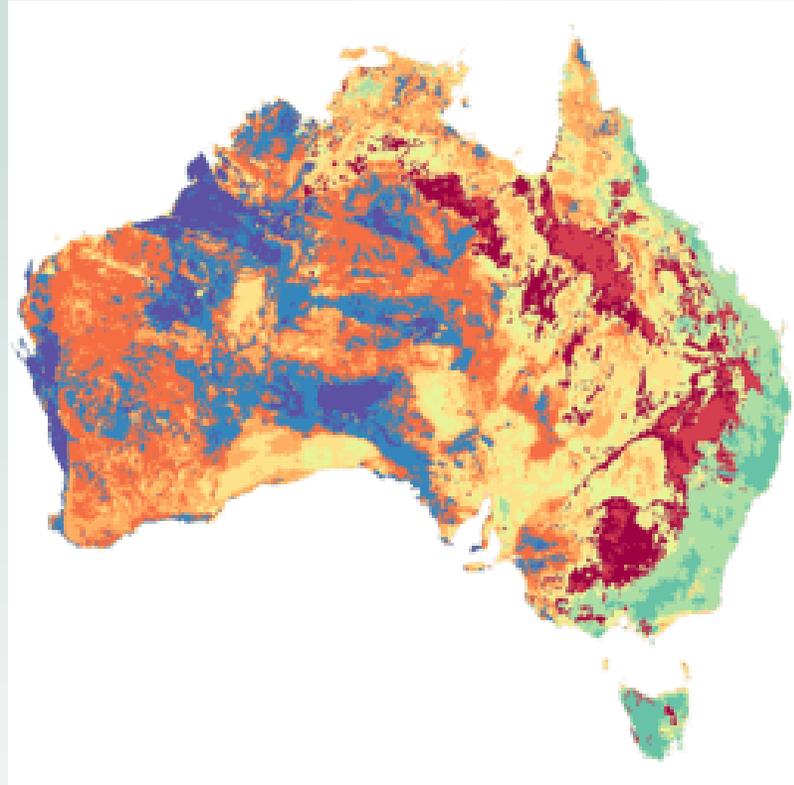
FAO, 2022

GLOBAL SOIL PARTNERSHIP

Soil attribute	Unit	Laboratory method
Total Nitrogen	ppm	Dumas dry combustion method (FAO, 2021a) or Kjeldahl method (FAO, 2021b)
Available Phosphorus	ppm	Bray I and II, Mehlich I, Olsen (FAO, 2021c; FAO, 2021d; FAO, 2021e)
Available Potassium	ppm	Mehlich III (Mehlich, 1984)
Cation exchange capacity	cmol _c /kg	Ammonium acetate (Schollenberger and Simon, 1945)
pH	-	Soil pH in H₂O, KCl, CaCO₂ (FAO, 2021f)
Soil fractions (clay, silt, sand)	g/100g	Hydrometer (e.g. Bouyoucos, 1962)
SOC	%	Dumas dry combustion, Walkley-Black, Tyurin spectrophotometric (FAO, 2019a; FAO, 2019b; FAO, 2021g)
Bulk density	g/cm ³	Overview of methods provided by Blake (1965)
Nutrients (Ca, S, Mg, Fe, B, Cl, Mn, Zn, Cu, Mo, Ni, Si)	ppm	DTPA extraction method (FAO, 2022), Mehlich III (Mehlich, 1984), aqua regia extraction (Berrow and Stein, 1983)

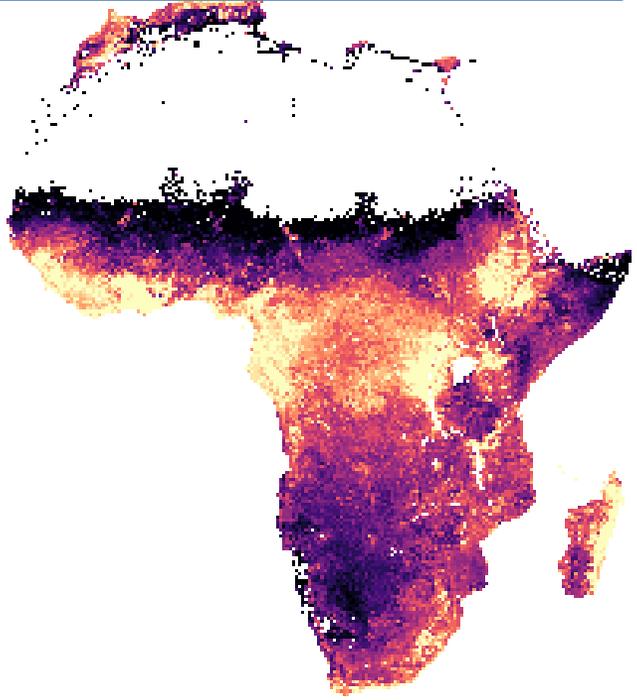
Examples of soil nutrient mapping projects

GlobalSoilMap project



Rossel et al., 2015

Innovative Solutions for Decision Agriculture Ltd (iSDA)



Hengl et al., 2021

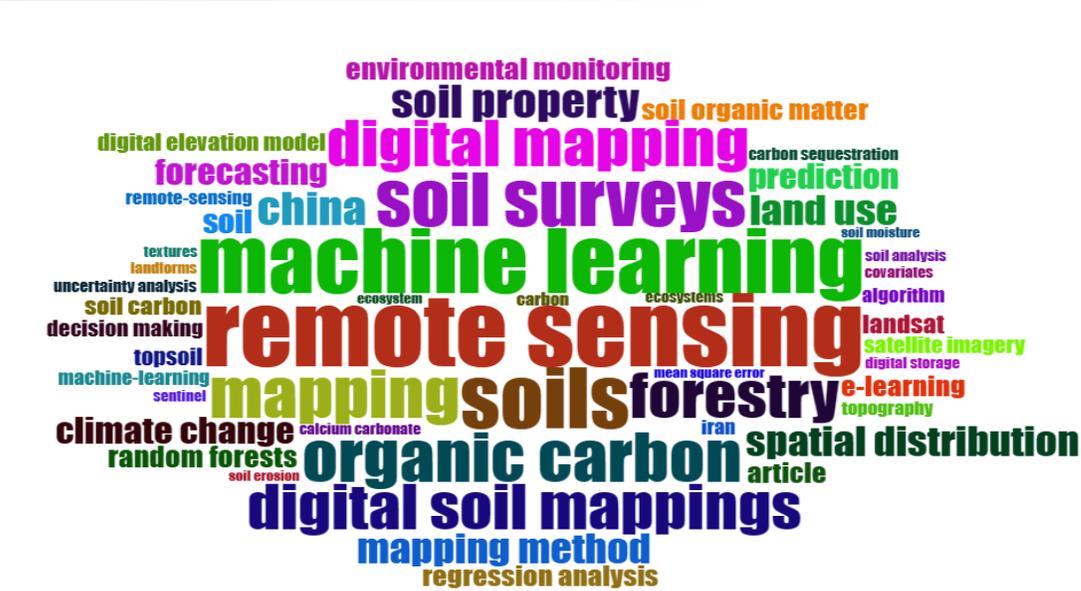
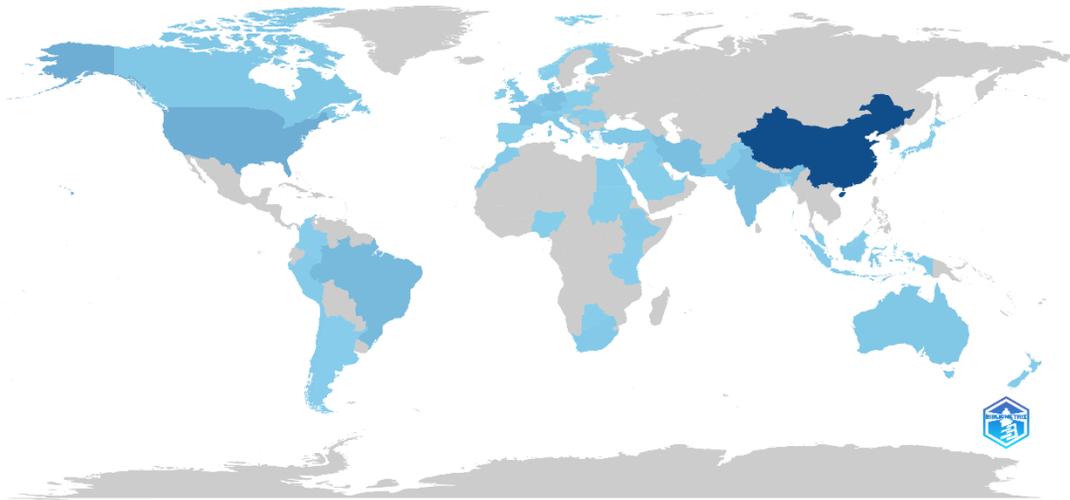
The World Soil Information Service (WoSIS)



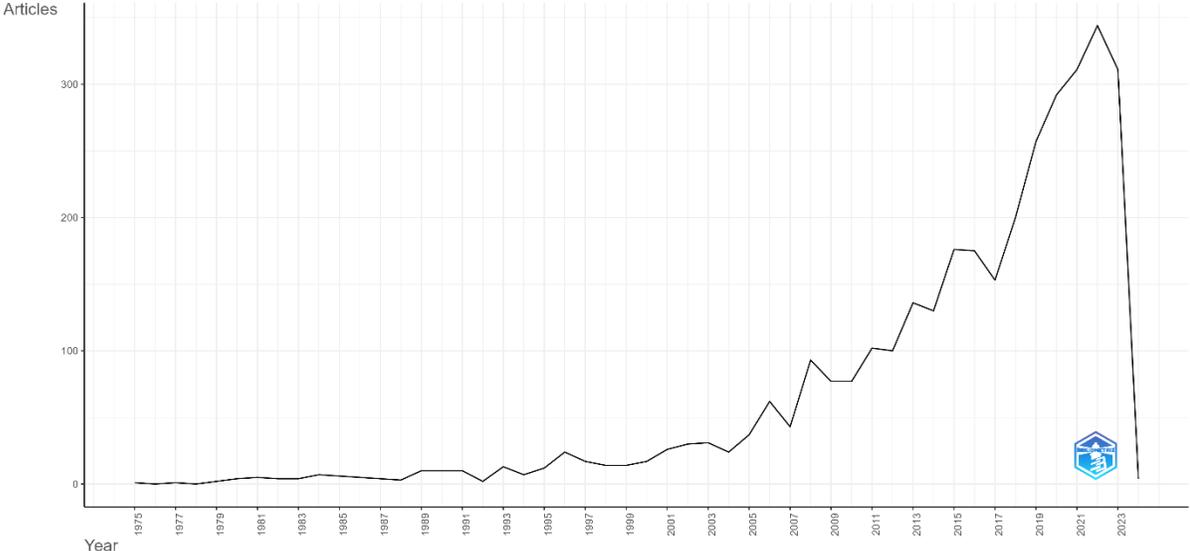
Batjes et al., 2022

Global scientific outlook on soil nutrient mapping

Country Scientific Production



Annual Scientific Production



@SoilScience

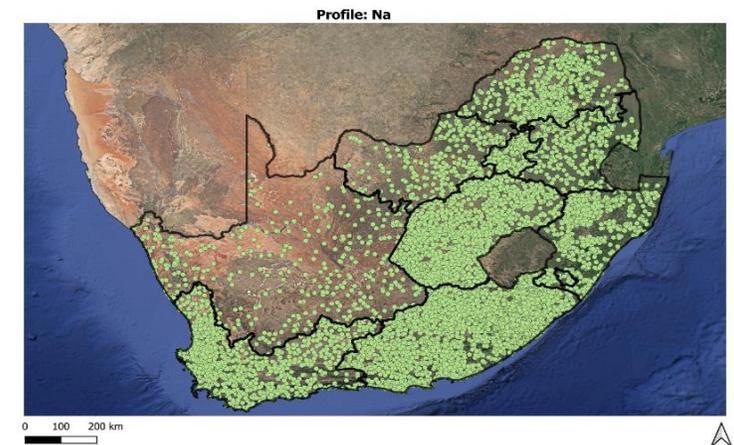
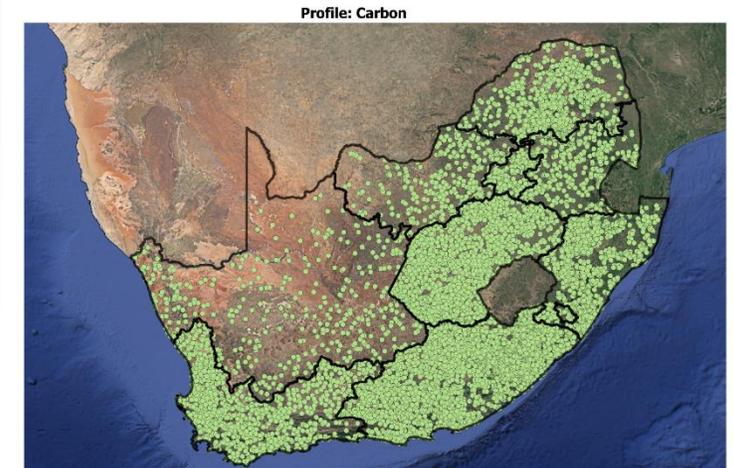


Environmental covariates as derived from MODIS Data. Total of 72 was used.

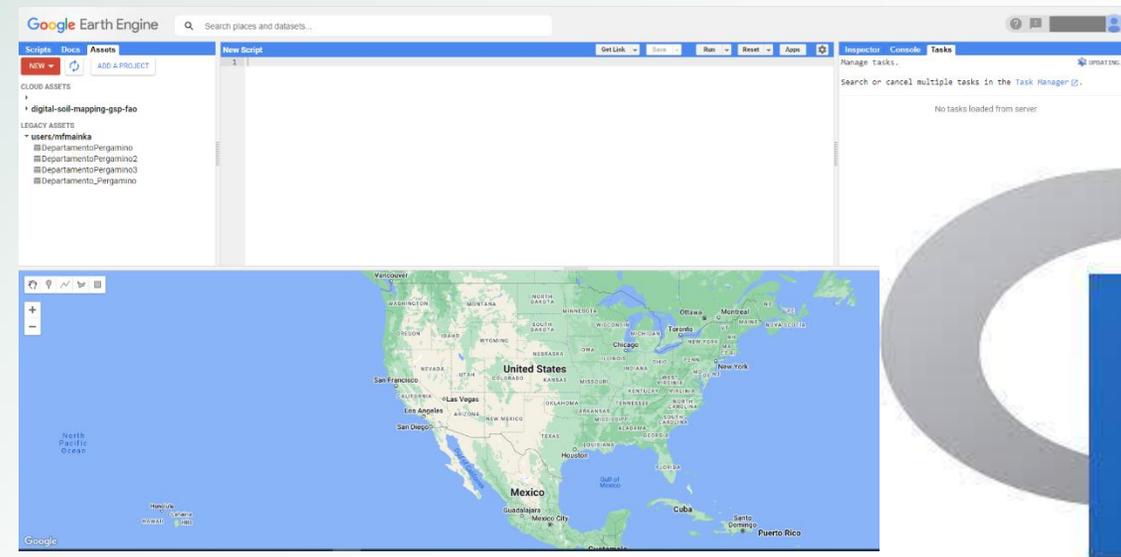
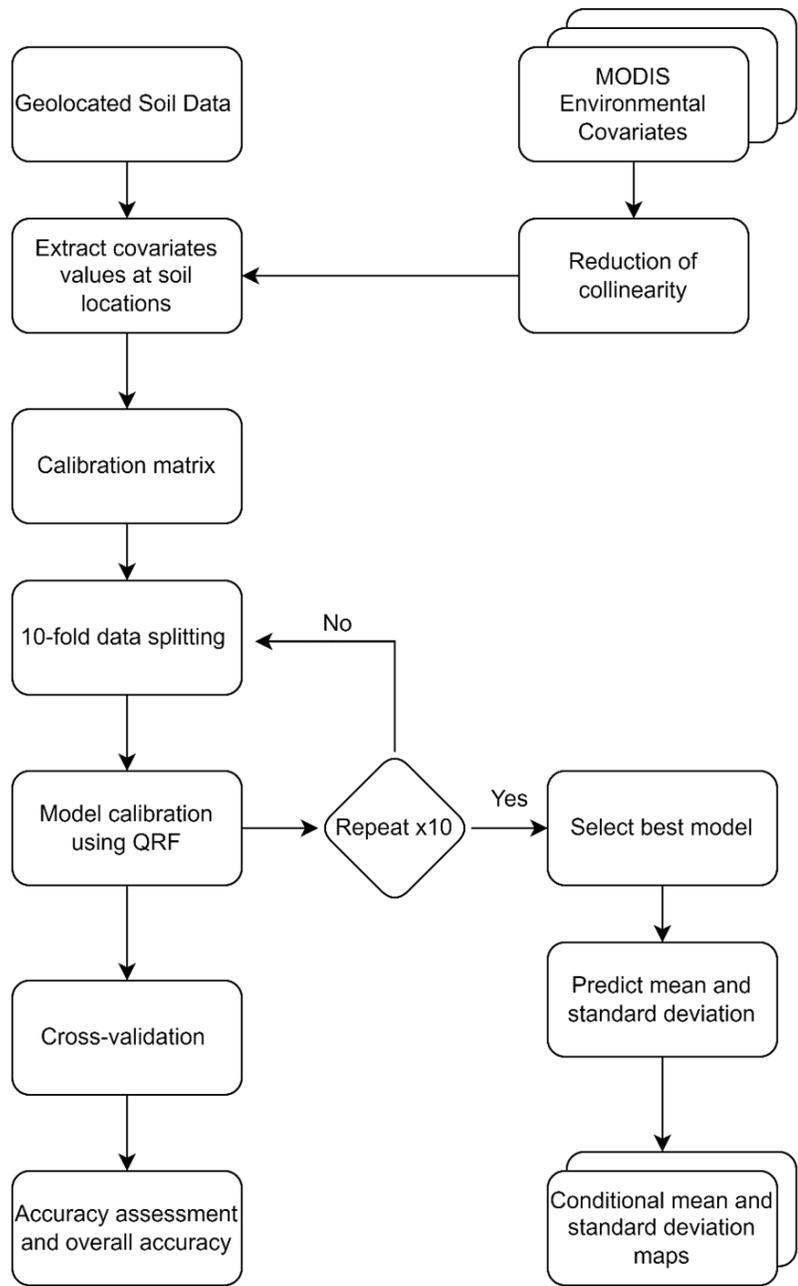
Factor	Environmental covariate	Freely available source
Soils	Legacy soil maps of different scales, soil property maps produced with an independent dataset	Global layers https://gitlab.com/openlandmap/global-layers SoilGrids https://soilgrids.org/
Climate	Climatic data such as monthly/yearly/seasonal temporal mean and standard deviation of precipitation, temperatures (min, max, mean, etc.), evapotranspiration, radiation, snow occurrence, aridity index, etc.	Chelsa climate https://chelsa-climate.org/
Organism	Vegetation temporal and spatial patterns are the main proxies of the effect of living organisms. They can be characterised by remote sensing data from optical sensors such as vegetation indices (NDVI, EVI, SAVI), visual bands, NIR, SWIR, TIR bands from, as well as other band ratios. Land cover and land cover change maps are also included in this category.	Landsat mission; MODIS mission; Sentinel 2 mission; ESA global land cover; Dynamic World; https://code.earthengine.google.com/
Relief	Terrain attributes derived from digital elevation models including elevation, slope, terrain curvatures, channel network base level, vertical distance to channel network, terrain wetness index, etc.	Multi-Error-Removed Improved-Terrain DEM (MERIT DEM): http://hydro.iis.u-tokyo.ac.jp/~yamada/MERIT_DEM/
Parent material and age	Geological maps might be used to derive surface parent material data, including their age, but these are the least available type of data	

Soil Nutrient data.

Variable Name	Variables	# of points	Unit
Soil Organic Carbon	Carbon	8307	%
Calcium	Ca	6998	ppm
Potassium	K	8090	ppm
Magnesium	Mg	7140	ppm
Sodium	Na	7819	ppm
Cation Exchange Capacity	CEC	9507	cmol/kg
Clay	Clay	8768	%
Cobalt	Co	1893	ppm
Copper	Cu	1867	ppm
Manganese	Mn	2012	ppm
Zinc	Zn	1855	ppm
pH-Water	pH	8010	None
Sand	Sand	10113	%
Silt	Silt	10023	%



Example of distribution of soil sampling sites.



@SoilScience

Statistical description

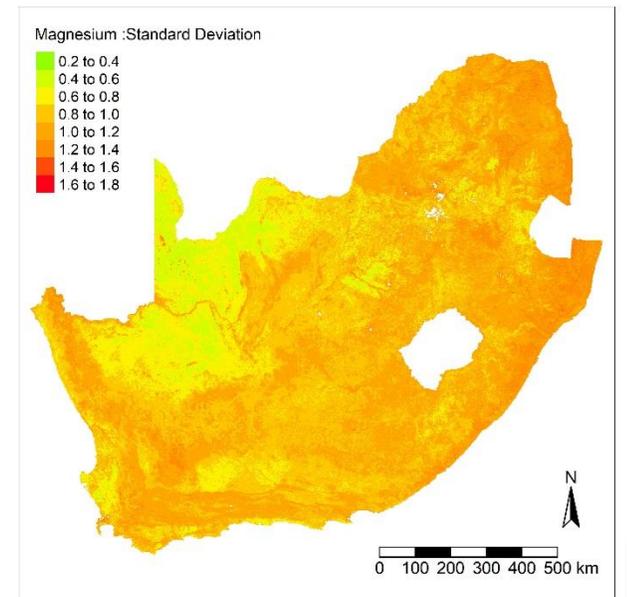
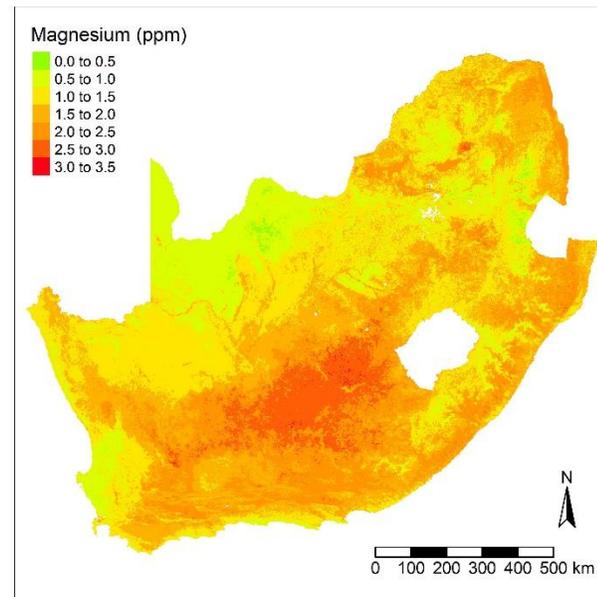
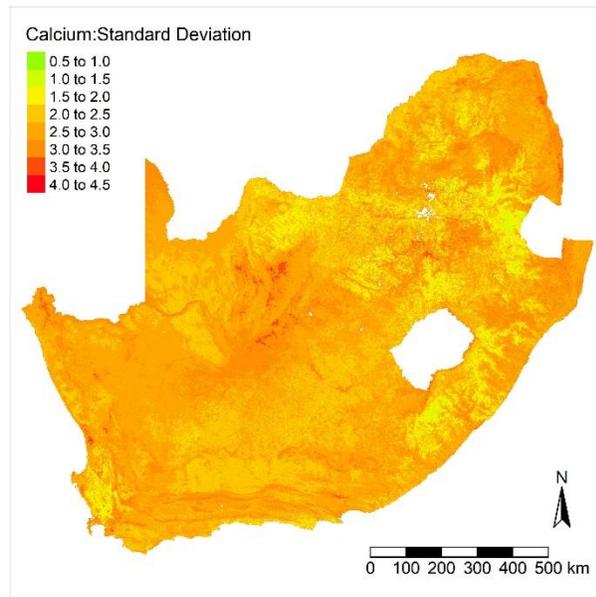
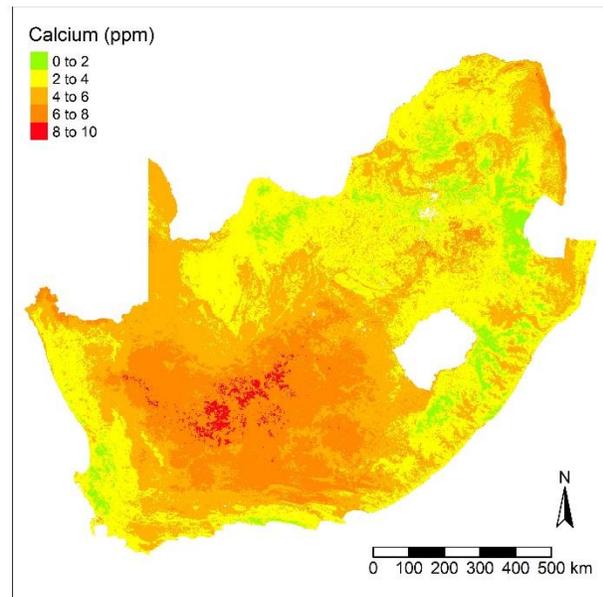
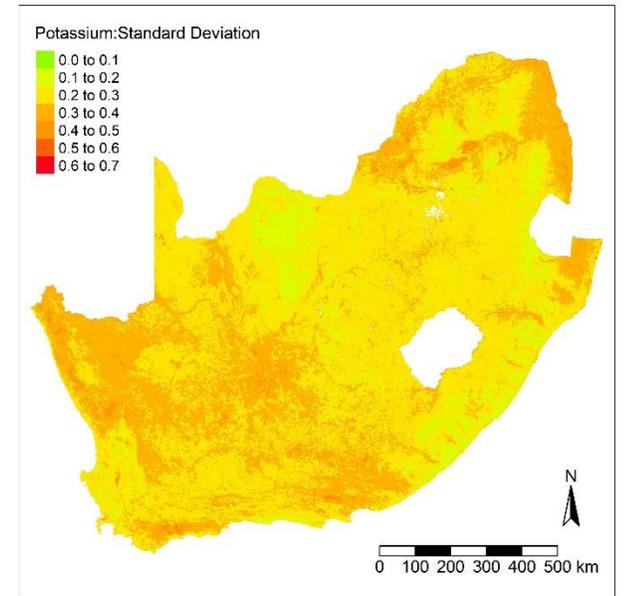
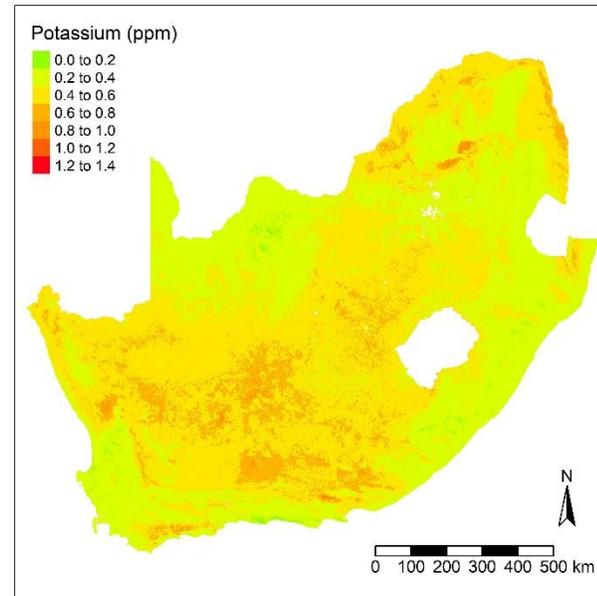
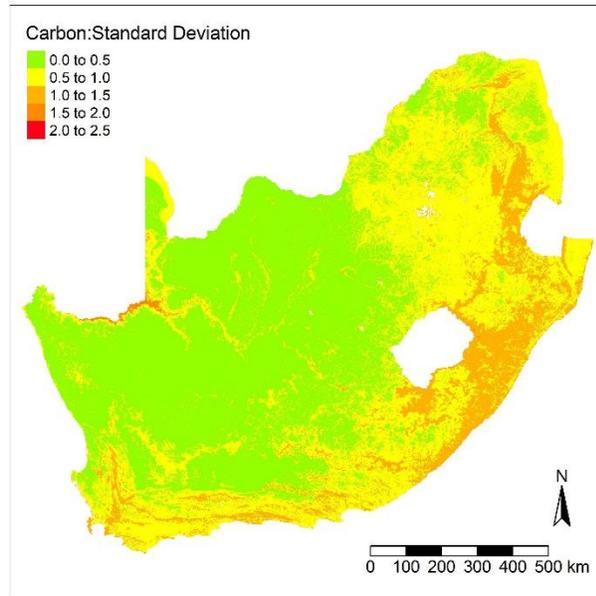
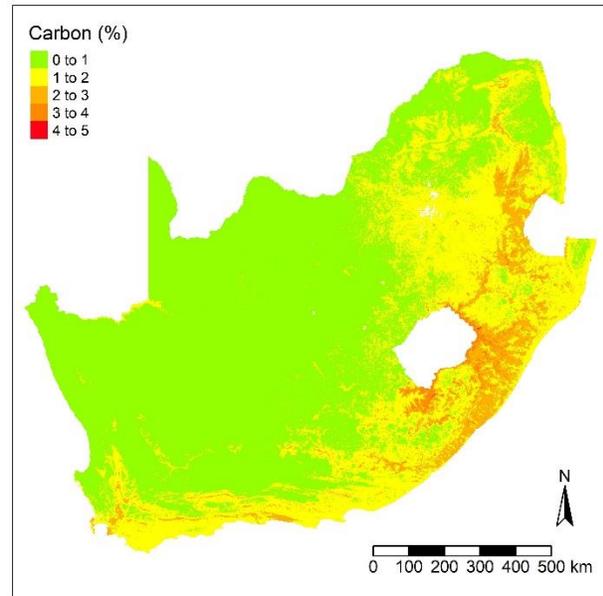
Statistical description of different variables

Variables	mean	sd	median	min	max	range
Carbon	1.21	0.98	0.9	0.1	5.84	5.74
Ca	3.68	2.86	2.81	0.09	11.5	11.41
K	0.41	0.29	0.33	0.04	1.75	1.71
Mg	1.54	1.08	1.29	0	4.49	4.49
Na	0.16	0.17	0.1	0	1	1
CEC	10.62	7	8.99	1.33	40.96	39.63
Clay	21.84	14.23	18.44	1.37	64.71	63.33
Co	1.93	1.78	1.34	0.01	6.96	6.95
Cu	1.6	1.06	1.41	0.09	4.5	4.41
Mn	81.02	77.24	57.44	0.28	292.24	291.96
Zn	0.43	0.25	0.38	0.03	1.1	1.07
pH	6.67	1.11	6.5	4.53	9.2	4.67
Sand	50.04	27.84	54.86	0	104.7	104.7
Silt	16.57	12.2	15.26	0	51.18	51.18

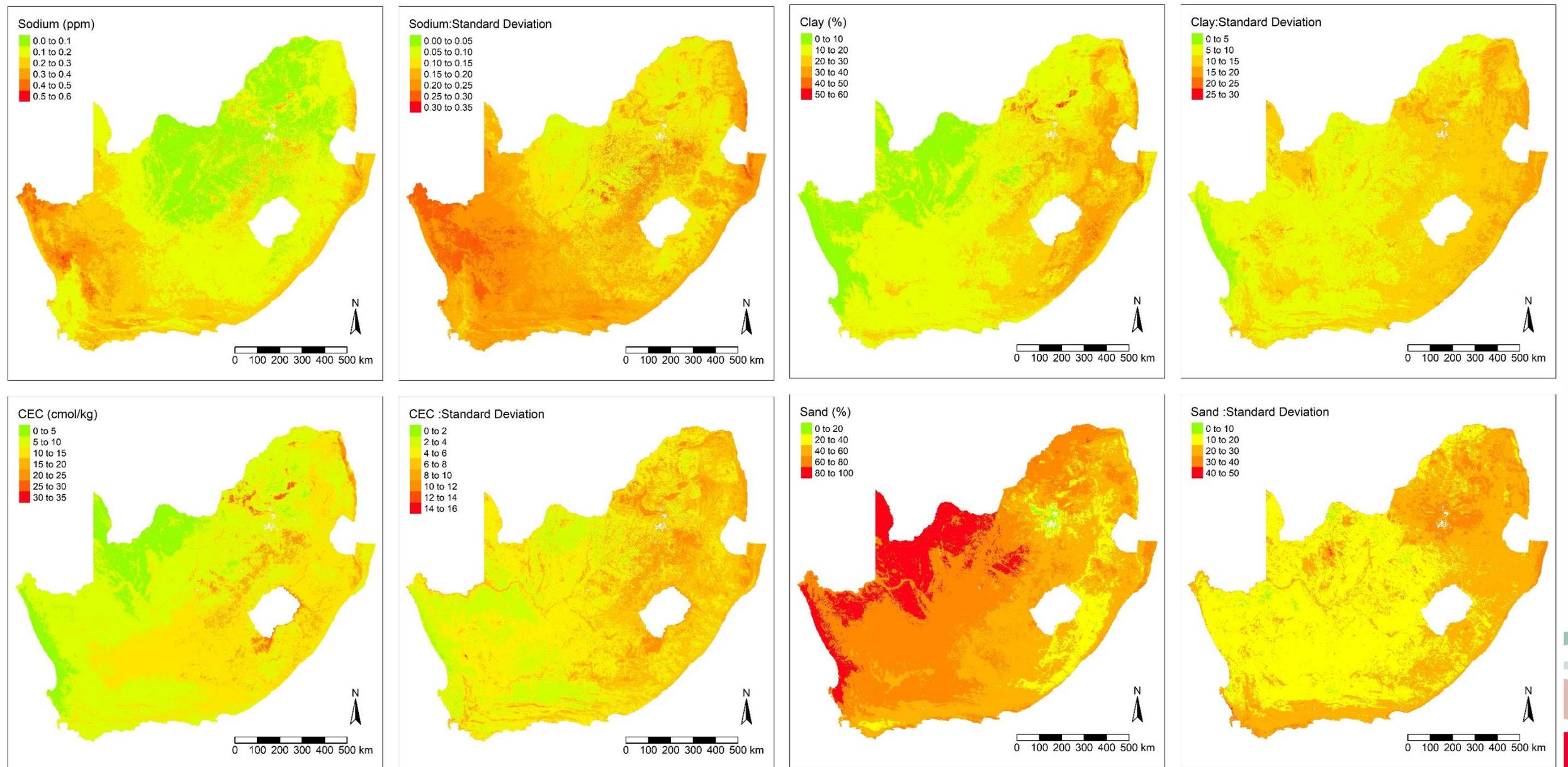
Model results for different variables

Variable	ME	MAE	RMSE	R	R ²	MEC
Carbon	-0.02	0.46	0.66	0.74	0.55	0.55
Ca	-0.7	1.75	2.25	0.6	0.38	0.38
K	-0.01	0.18	0.24	0.55	0.3	0.3
Mg	-0.03	0.7	0.98	0.58	0.33	0.33
Na	0	0.1	0.15	0.47	0.22	0.22
CEC	-0.19	4.16	5.63	0.6	0.36	0.35
Clay	-0.32	8.55	10.93	0.64	0.42	0.41
Co	0.01	1.2	1.56	0.48	0.23	0.23
Cu	-0.03	0.72	0.91	0.51	0.26	0.26
Mn	0.54	53.81	68.68	0.46	0.21	0.21
Zn	-0.01	0.19	0.24	0.31	0.09	0.09
pH	-0.01	0.54	0.69	0.78	0.61	0.61
Sand	0.45	14.47	19.63	0.71	0.51	0.5
Silt	-0.08	6.87	8.96	0.68	0.46	0.46

Results

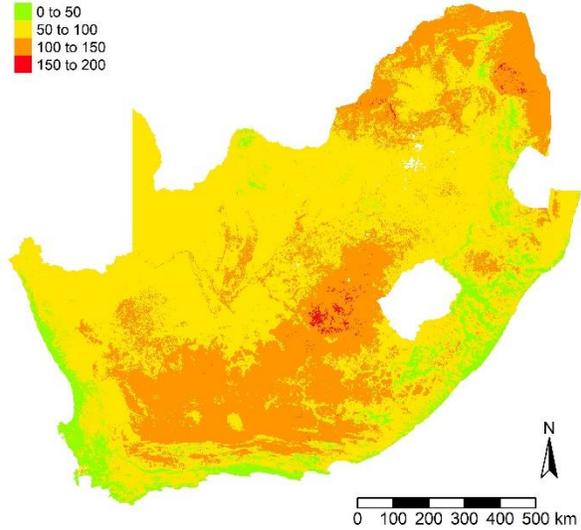
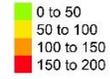


Results

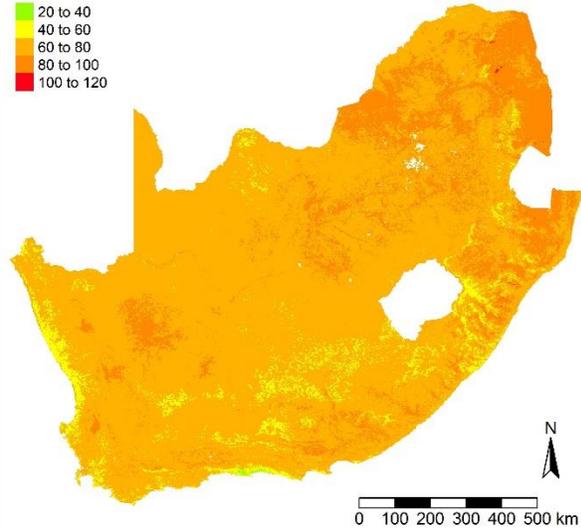


Results

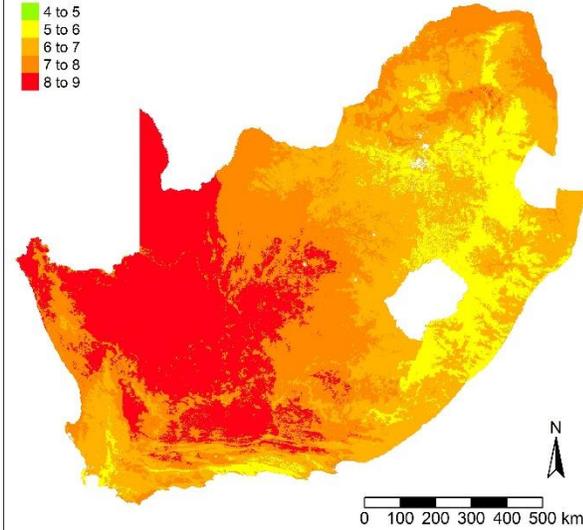
Manganese (ppm)



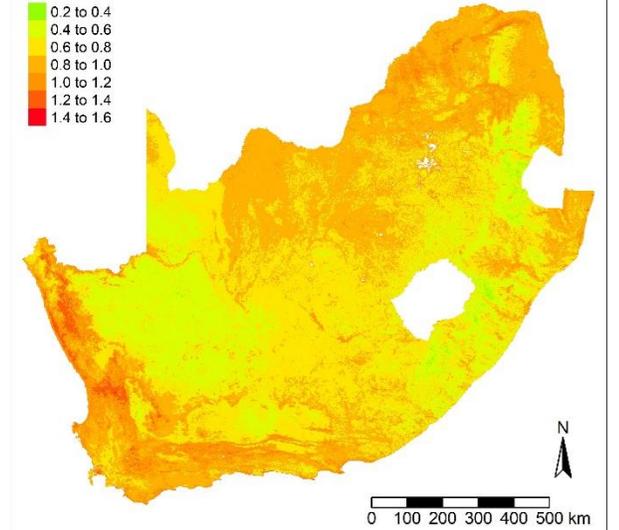
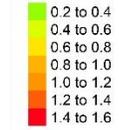
Manganese:Standard Deviation



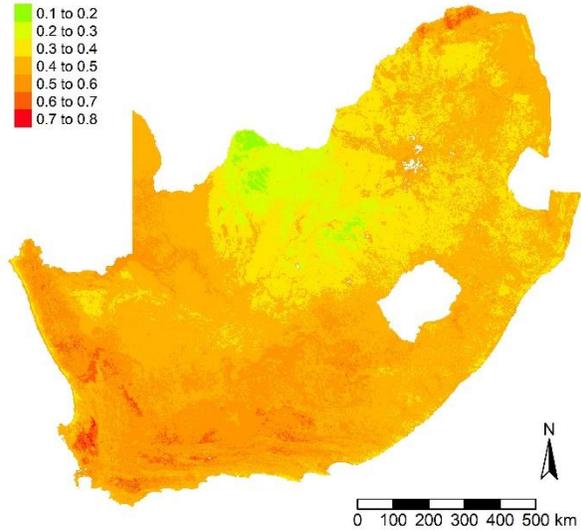
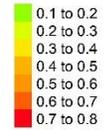
pH-water



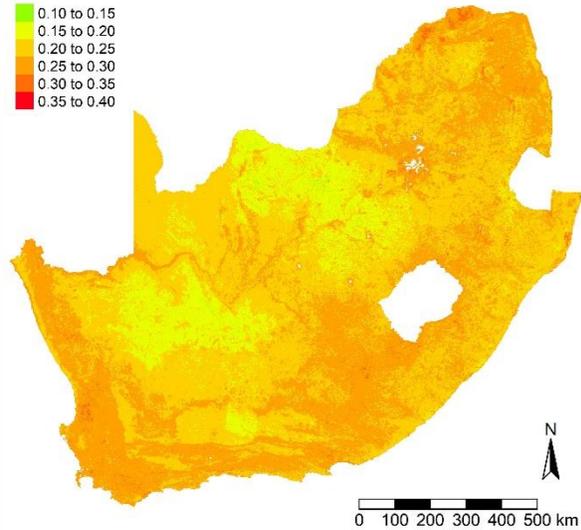
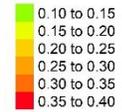
pH-water:Standard Deviation



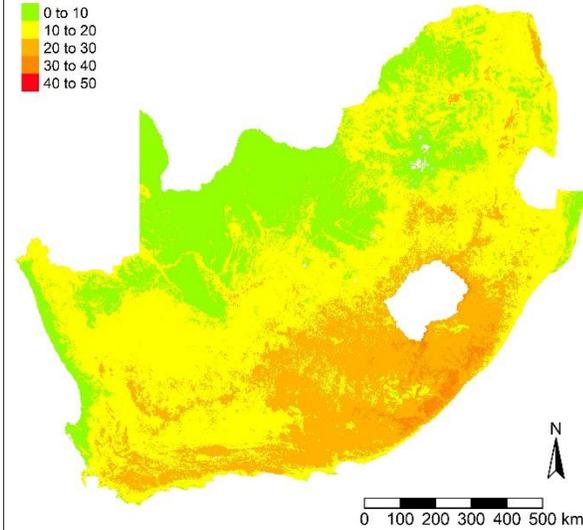
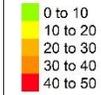
Zinc (ppm)



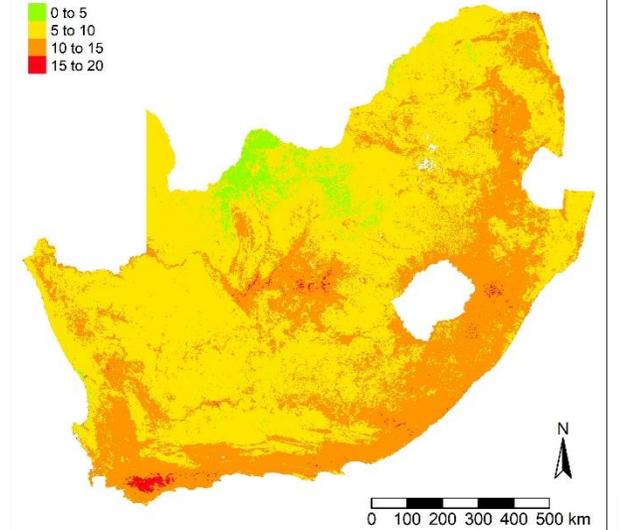
Zinc:Standard Deviation



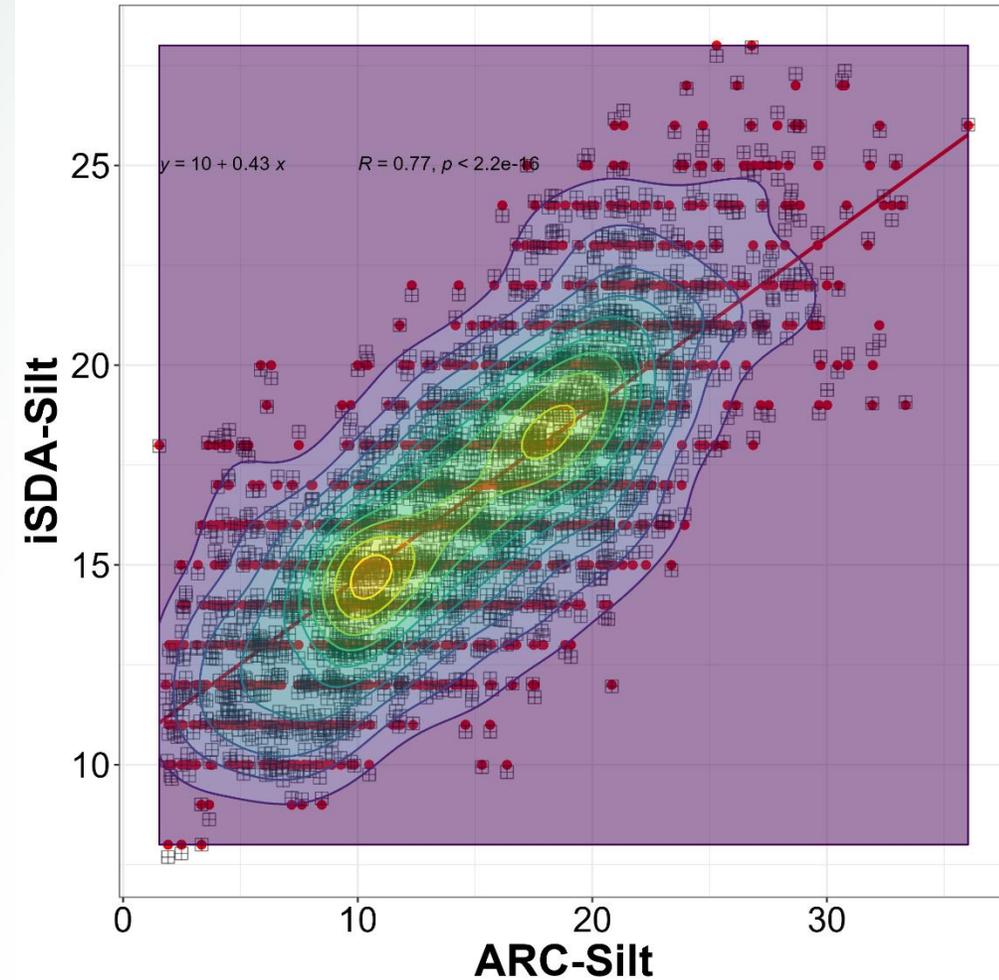
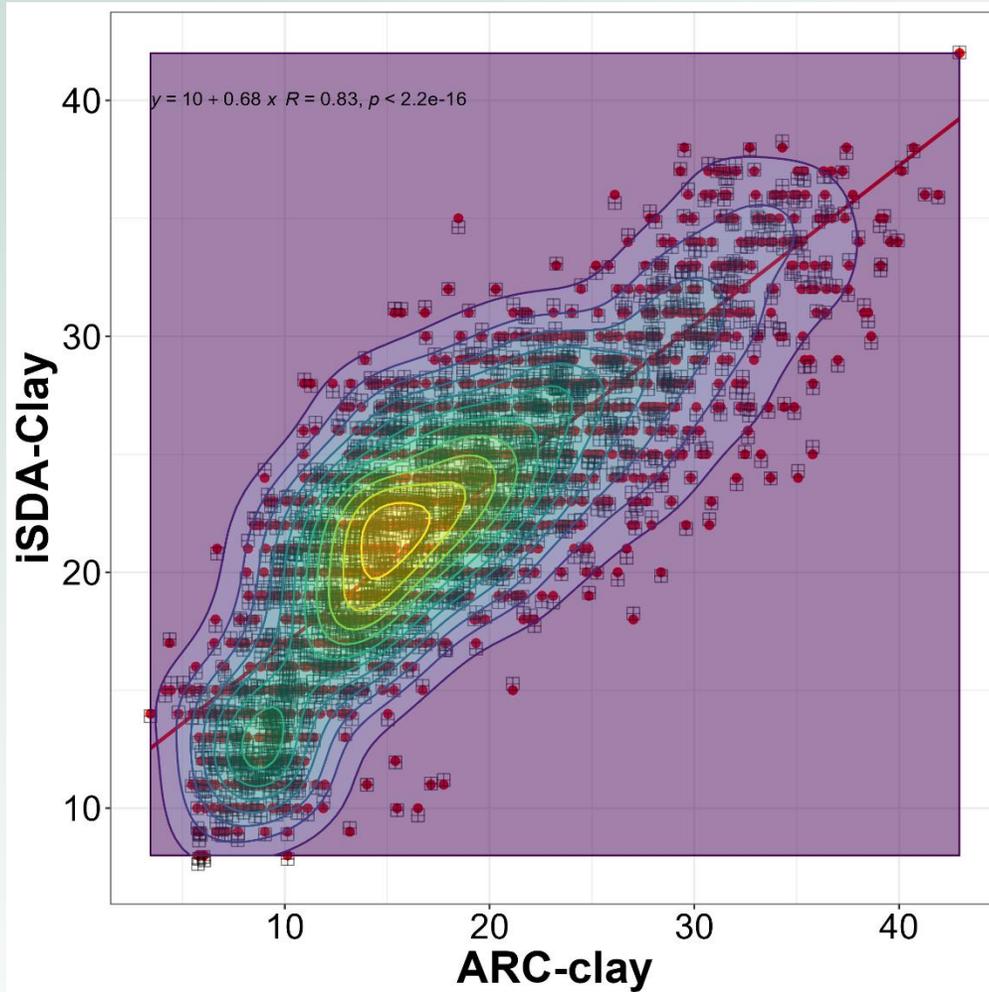
Silt (%)



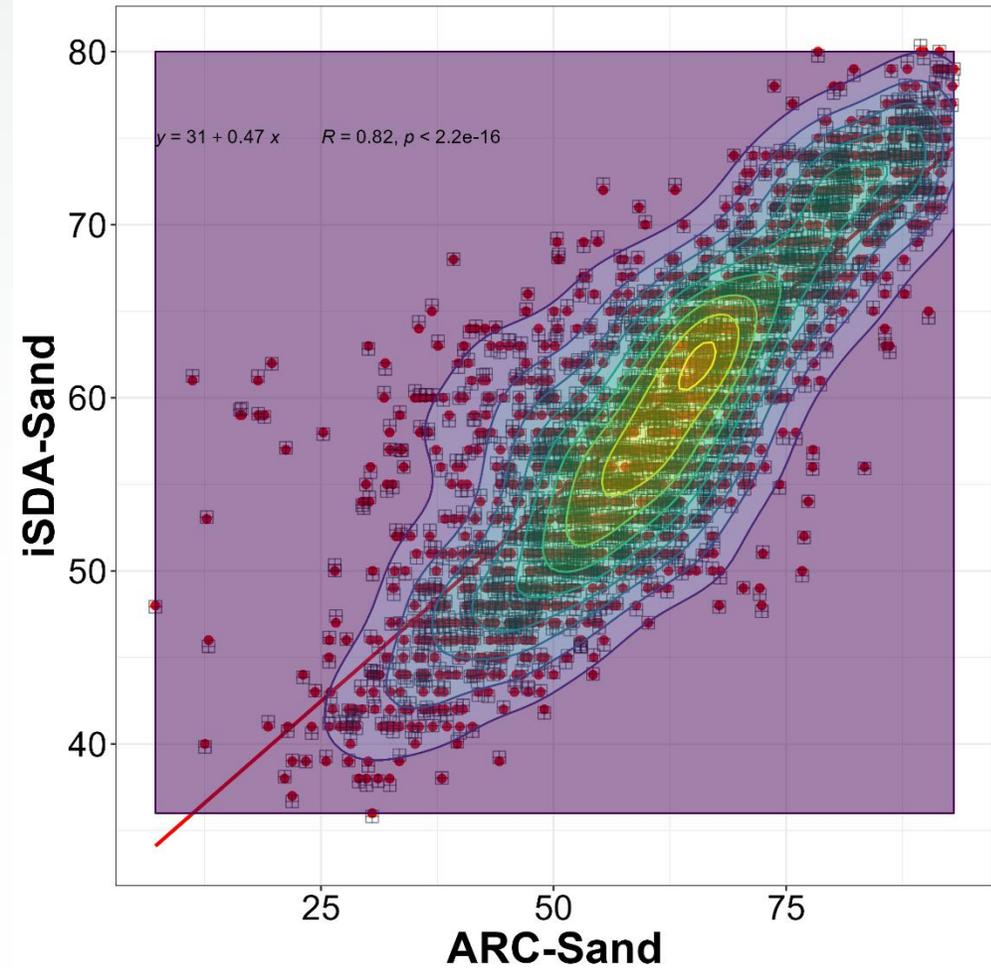
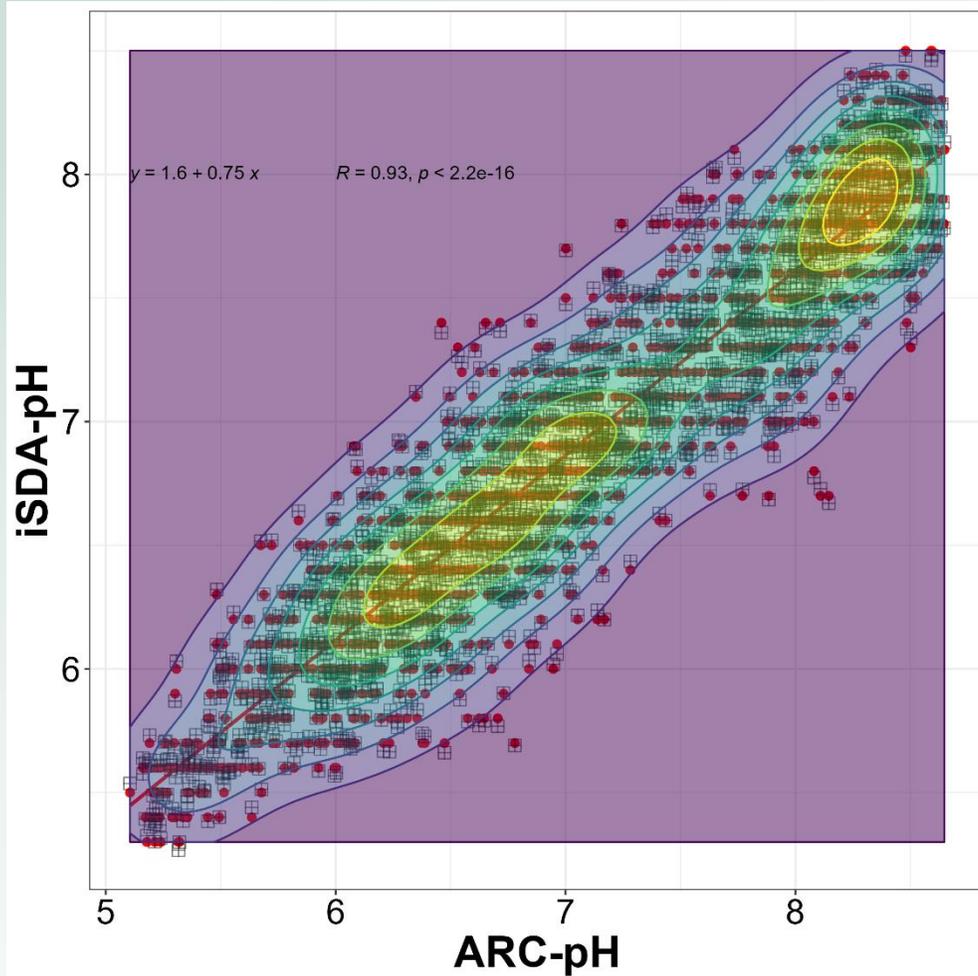
Silt:Standard Deviation



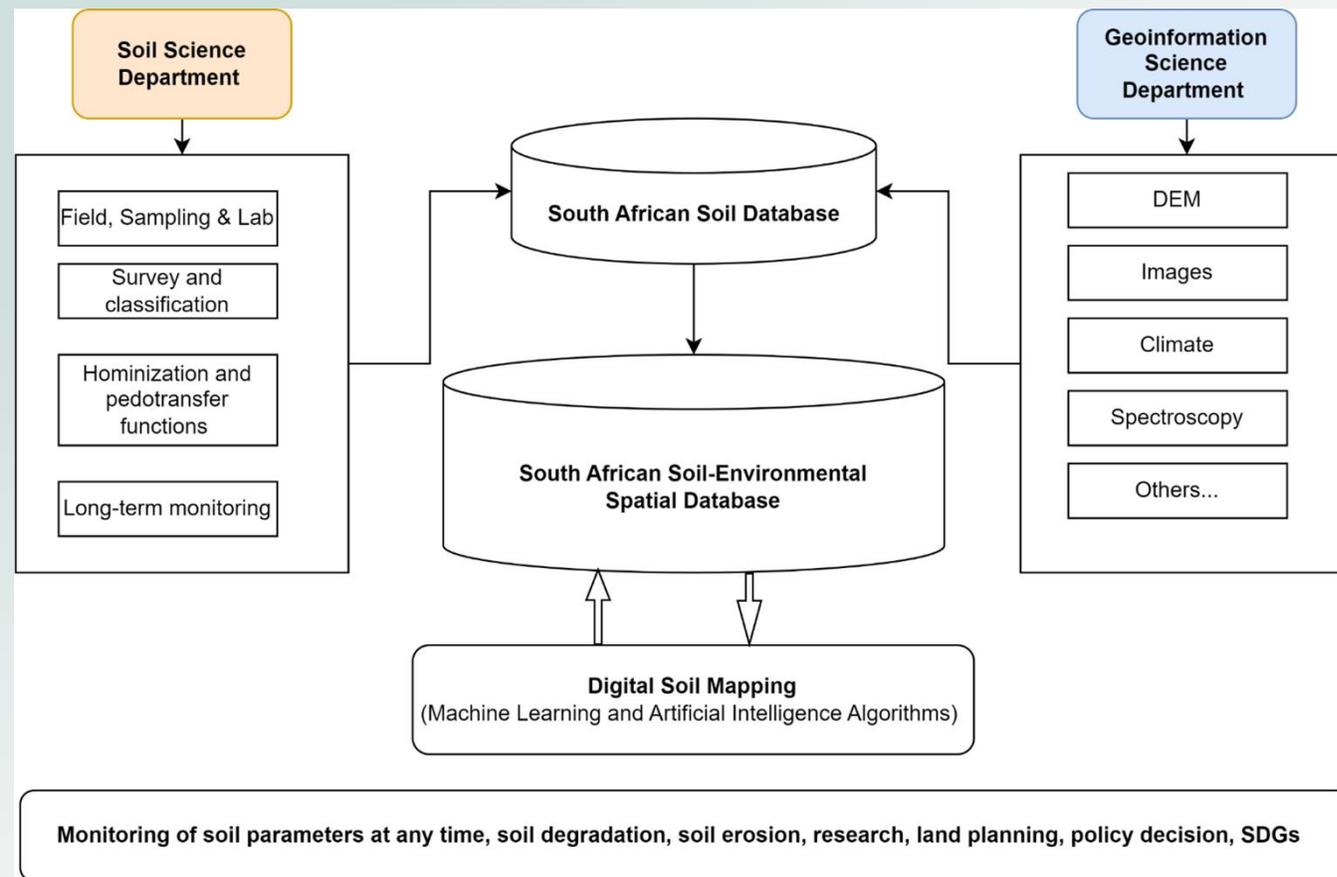
Comparison of iSDA and ARC products



Comparison of iSDA and ARC products



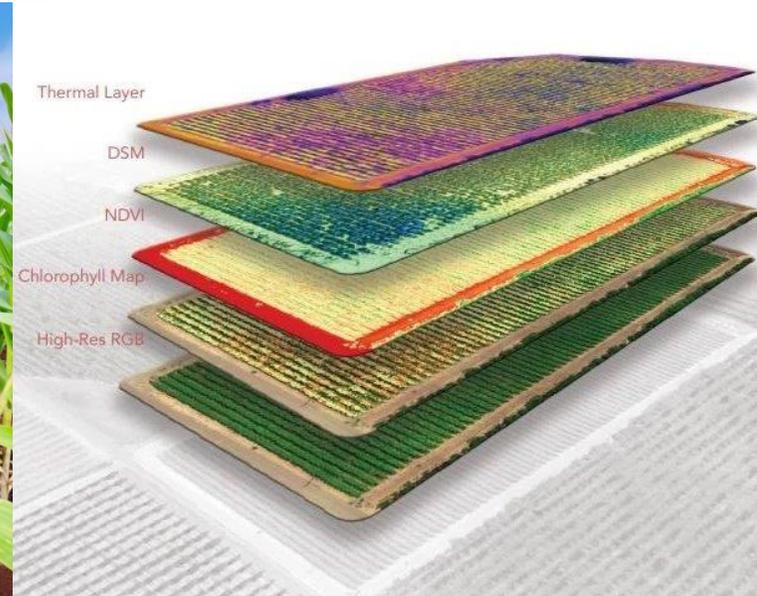
Future Work



Soil attribute	Unit	Laboratory method
Total Nitrogen	ppm	Dumas dry combustion method (FAO, 2021a) or Kjeldahl method (FAO, 2021b)
Available Phosphorus	ppm	Bray I and II, Mehlich I, Olsen (FAO, 2021c; FAO, 2021d; FAO, 2021e)
Available Potassium	ppm	Mehlich III (Mehlich, 1984)
Cation exchange capacity	cmol _c /kg	Ammonium acetate (Schollenberger and Simon, 1945)
pH	-	Soil pH in H₂O, KCl, CaCO₂ (FAO, 2021f)
Soil fractions (clay, silt, sand)	g/100g	Hydrometer (e.g. Bouyoucos, 1962)
SOC	%	Dumas dry combustion, Walkley-Black, Tyurin spectrophotometric (FAO, 2019a; FAO, 2019b; FAO, 2021g)
Bulk density	g/cm ³	Overview of methods provided by Blake (1965)
Nutrients (Ca, S, Mg, Fe, B, Cl, Mn, Zn, Cu, Mo, Ni, Si)	ppm	DTPA extraction method (FAO, 2022), Mehlich III (Mehlich, 1984), aqua regia extraction (Berrow and Stein, 1983)

Policy implications

- Soil nutrient maps will provide a baseline for identifying areas where nutrient levels are critical for crop growth and will thus serve as an important decision-making tool
- Updating and upscaling of soil fertility management recommendations for farmers
- Improved sustainable land management
- Contribute towards realization of SDG's for the country and National Development Plan 2023

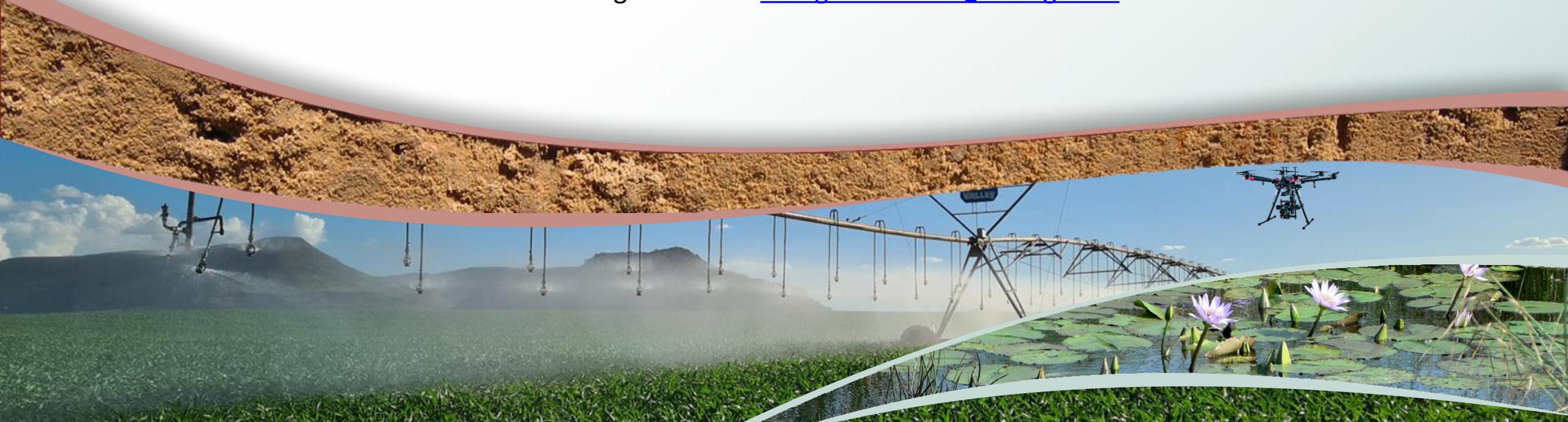


Thank you!

Contact information

Dr Garry Paterson: Garry@arc.agric.za

Dr Cilence Munghemezulu: munghemezuluc@arc.agric.za



References

Rossel, R.V., Chen, C., Grundy, M.J., Searle, R., Clifford, D. and Campbell, P.H., 2015. The Australian three-dimensional soil grid: Australia's contribution to the GlobalSoilMap project. *Soil Research*, 53(8), pp.845-864.

Hengl, T., Miller, M.A., Križan, J., Shepherd, K.D., Sila, A., Kilibarda, M., Antonijević, O., Glušica, L., Dobermann, A., Haefele, S.M. and McGrath, S.P., 2021. African soil properties and nutrients mapped at 30 m spatial resolution using two-scale ensemble machine learning. *Scientific Reports*, 11(1), p.6130.

FAO, 2022. Country guidelines and technical specifications for global soil nutrient and nutrient budget maps: Phase I. <https://www.fao.org/documents/card/en/c/cc1717en>

Batjes, N.H., Ribeiro, E. and Van Oostrum, A., 2020. Standardised soil profile data to support global mapping and modelling (WoSIS snapshot 2019). *Earth System Science Data*, 12(1), pp.299-320.